

C02 · Experiment Super-K upgrade



Yusuke Koshio (Okayama U.)

Annual symposium of innovative area “GW-Genesis”
Kashiwa campus, University of Tokyo, 7th March, 2018



30 years anniversary of SN1987A

(2017)

Workshop at Koshiba hall in U.of.Tokyo
on February 12-13, 2017,
supported by the previous innovative area

Birthday cake

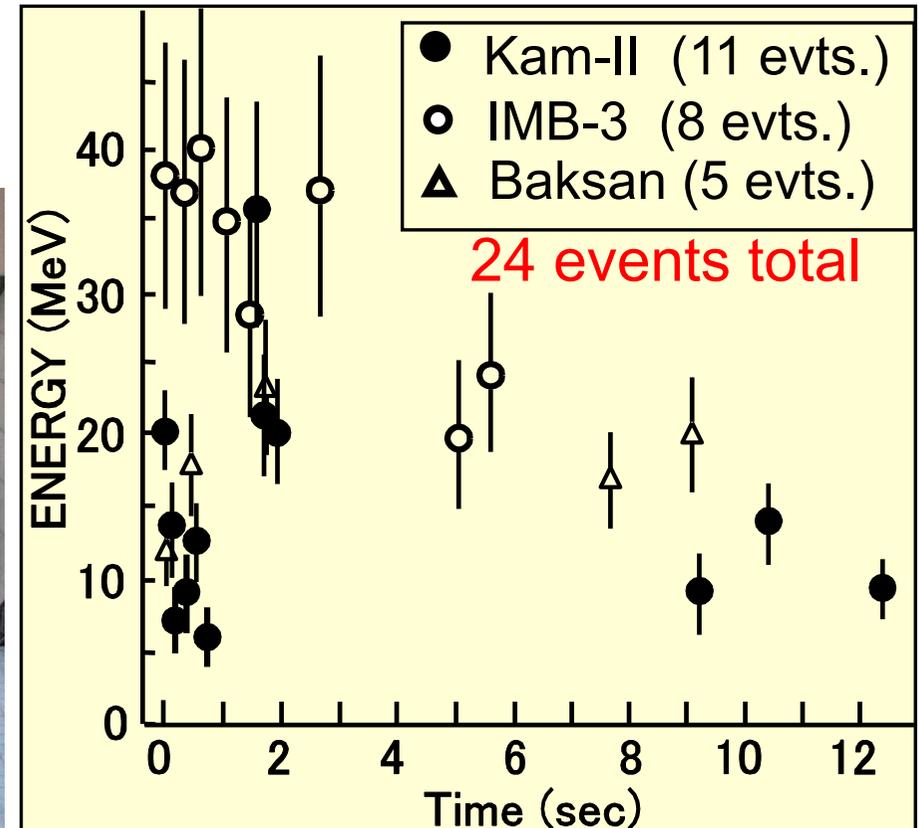


<http://www-sk.icrr.u-tokyo.ac.jp/indico/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=2935>

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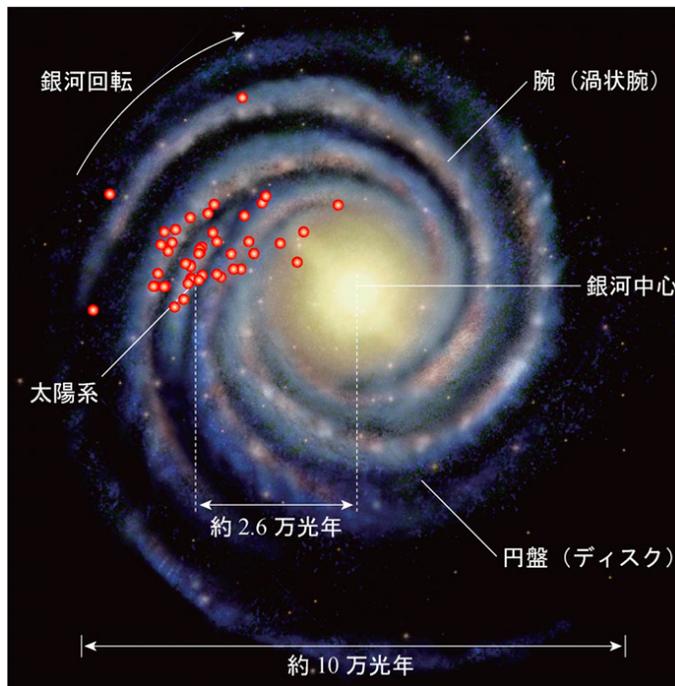
No Supernova neutrino detection since then..

No chance for Supernova neutrino detection for next hundred's years?

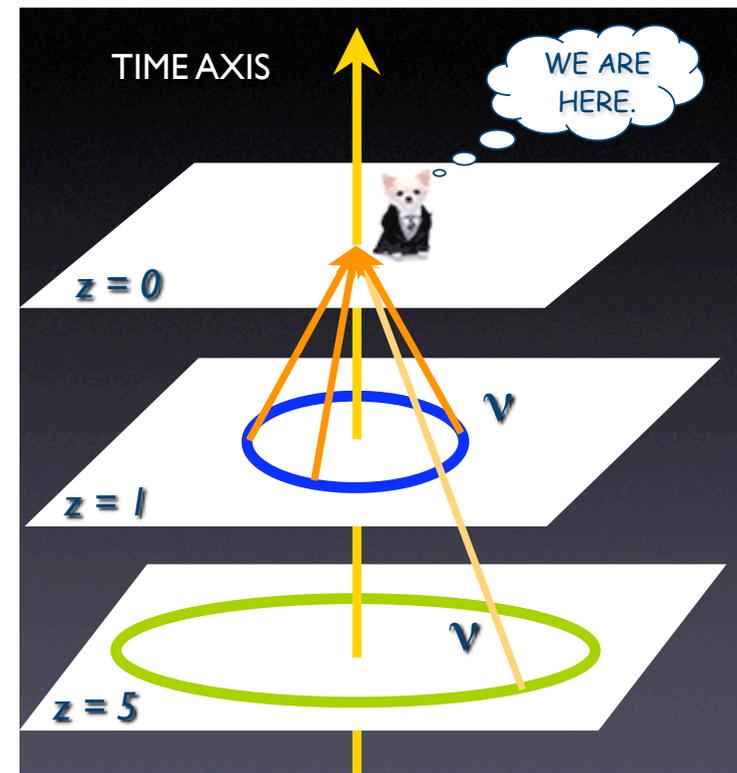


We believe, yes!

Galactic Supernova burst
(a few per century)

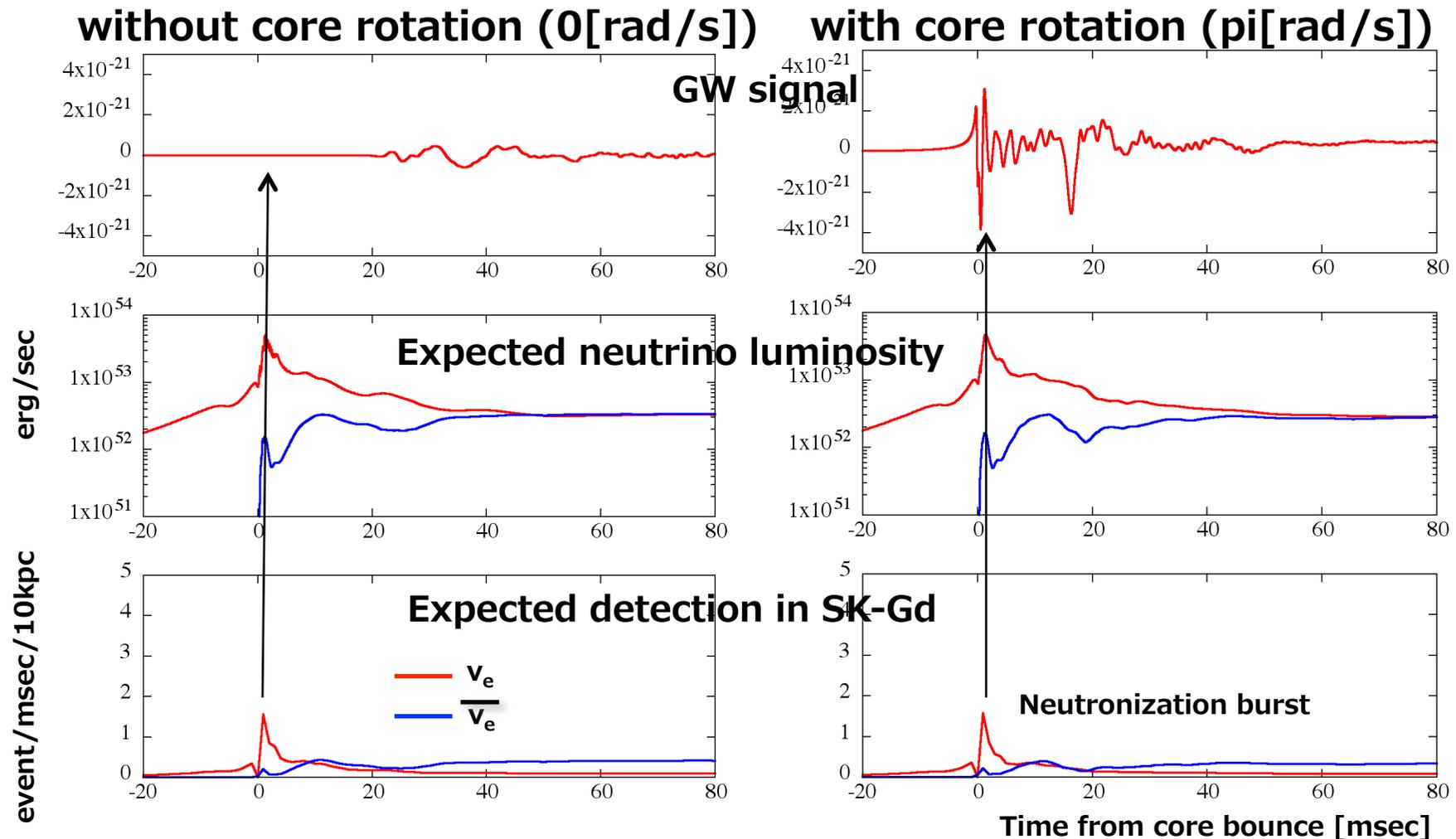


Diffuse Supernova
Neutrino Background

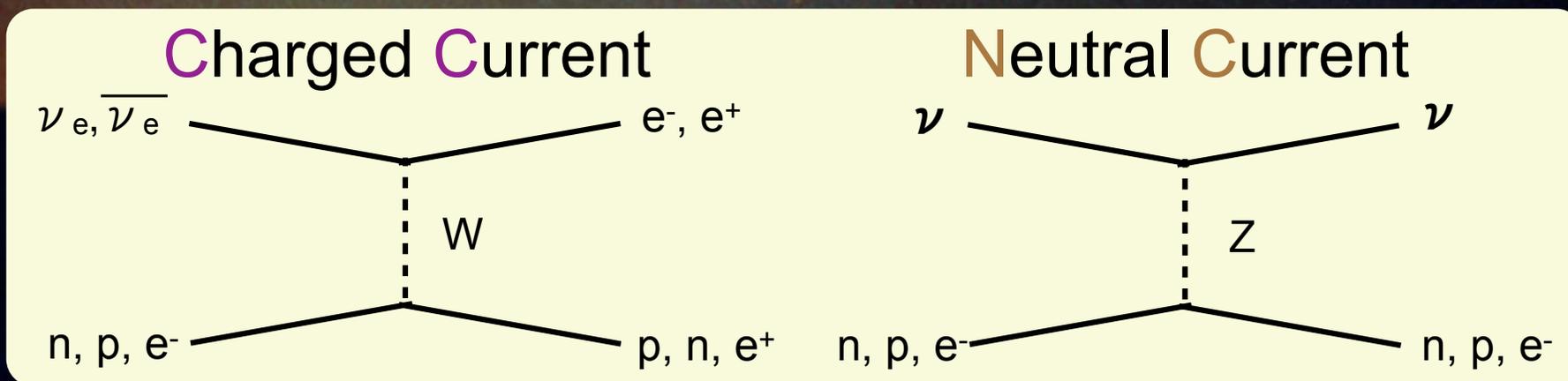


Why important for CCSNe?

ApJ 811, 86 (2015)

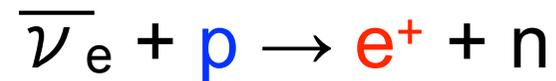


Neutrino interaction for supernova neutrino detection

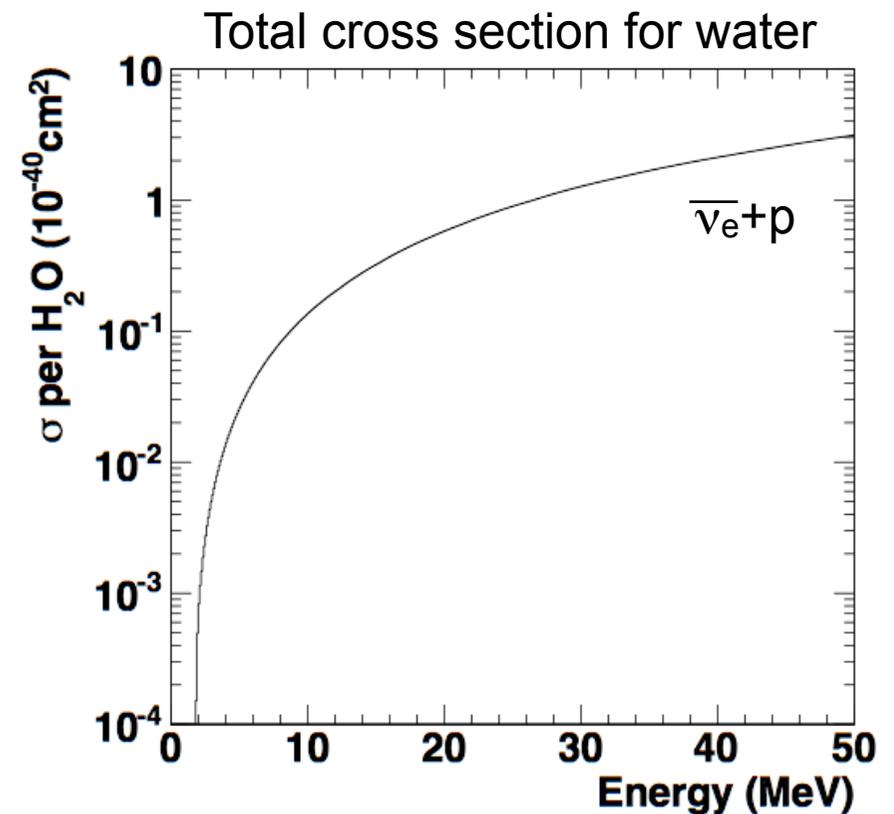


Neutrino interaction for SN ν

Inverse beta decay



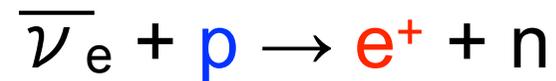
- ✓ Detect **positron** signal in water, scintillator, etc.
- ✓ $\bar{\nu}_e$ sensitive
- ✓ Obtain the neutrino energy from the positron energy
 - $E_e \sim E_\nu - (m_n - m_p)$, $E_\nu > 1.86\text{MeV}$
- ✓ Well known and large cross section
- ✓ Neutron tagging using delayed coincidence
 - $n + p \rightarrow d + \gamma$, $n + \text{Gd} \rightarrow \text{Gd} + \gamma$



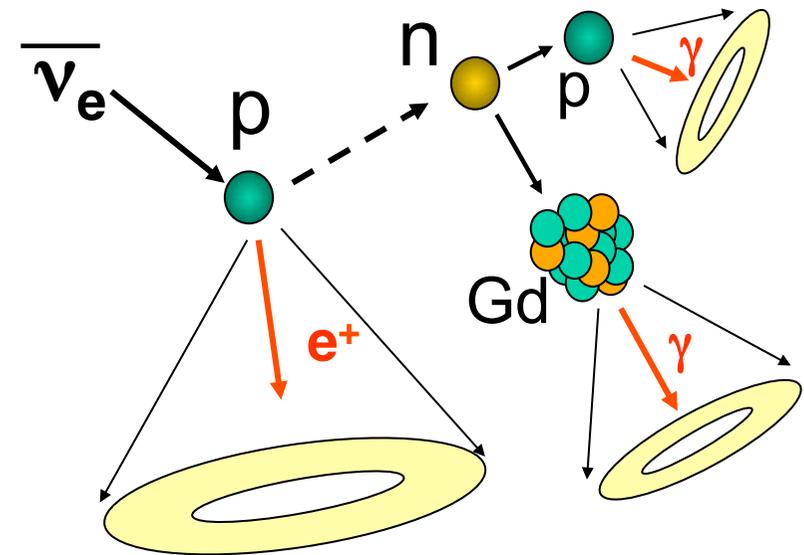
Strumia, Vissani
Phys. Lett. B564 (2003) 42

Neutrino interaction for SN ν

Inverse beta decay

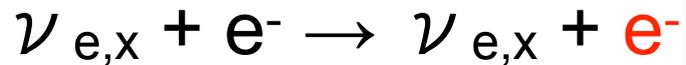


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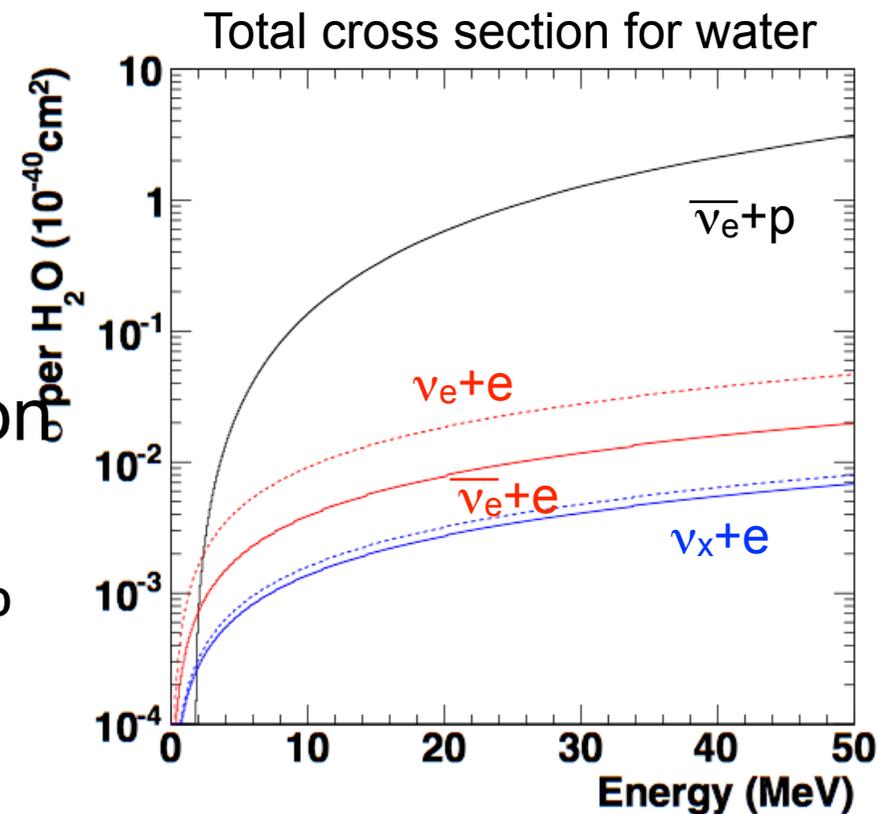


Neutrino interaction for SN ν

Elastic scattering

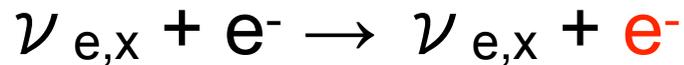


- ✓ Detect recoil **electron** signal in water, scintillator, etc.
- ✓ All neutrinos are sensitive
- ✓ Measurable for only recoil electron energy, not neutrino energy
- ✓ Well known cross section, few % of inverse beta decay
- ✓ Good directionality



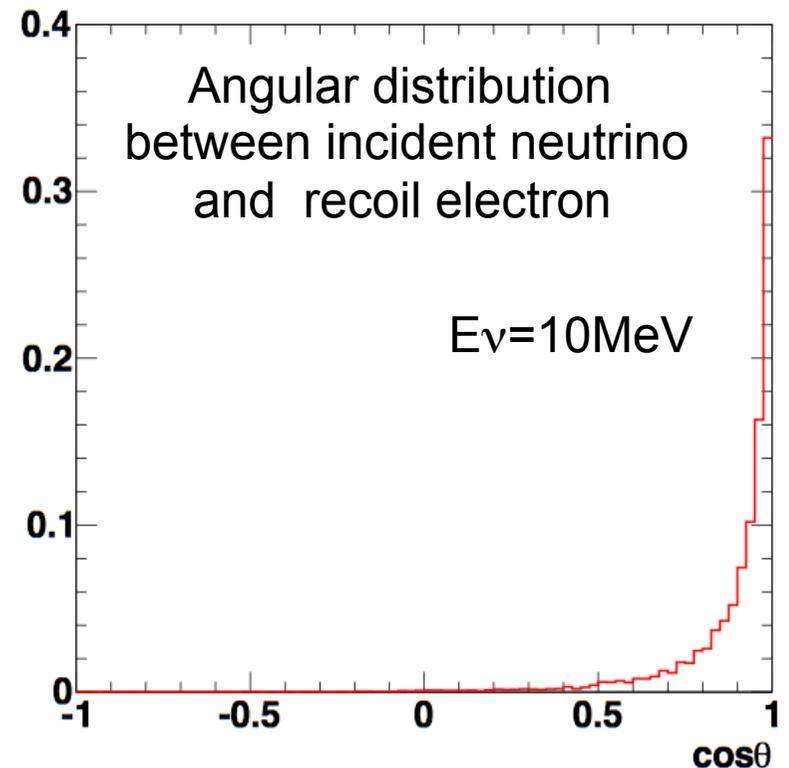
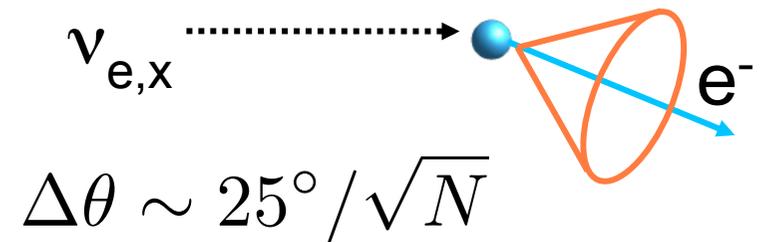
Neutrino interaction for SN ν

Elastic scattering



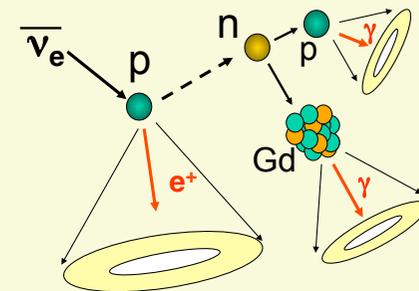
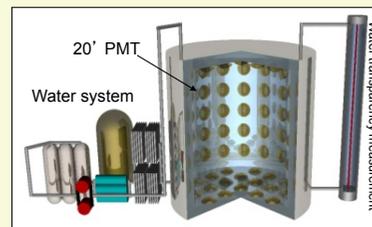
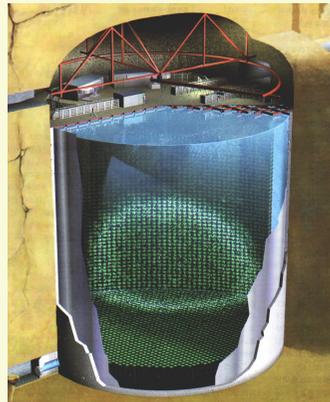
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Water Cherenkov



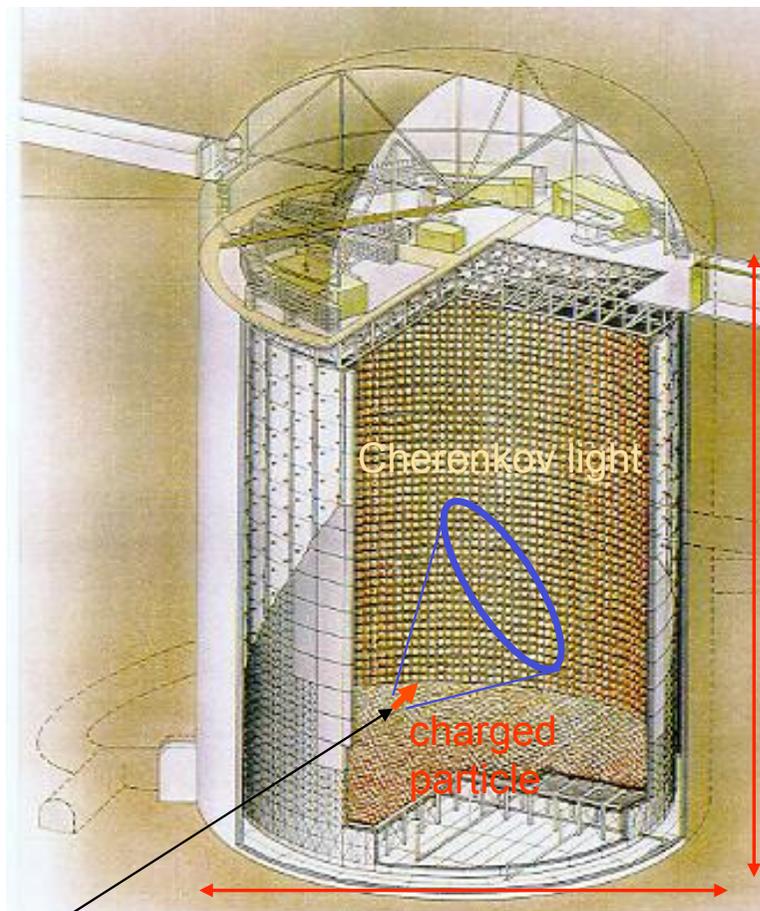
SN search at Super-Kamiokande

Super-K to SK-Gd

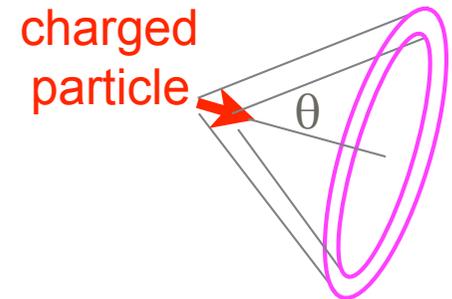


Super-Kamiokande

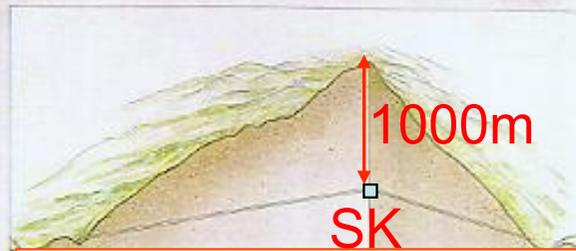
50kton Water Cherenkov detector



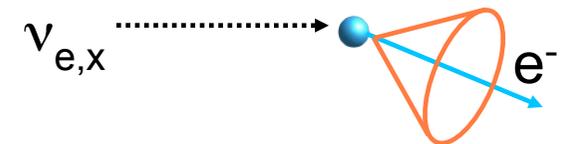
	32kton fiducial volume for SN 20' PMT photocathode (inner)	coverage
SK-1	11,146	40%
SK-2	5,182	19%
SK-3	11,129	40%
SK-4	same as SK-3	with new electronics



- ✓ Underground in Kamioka mine, (almost BG free)
- ✓ 3.5MeV energy threshold for recoil electron
- ✓ Dominant process is inverse beta decay
- ✓ Good directionality for ν_e elastic scattering



Placed inside the Kamioka mine
1000m underground



neutrino

39.3m

41.4m

1000m

SK

Super-Kamiokande

For supernova neutrinos
(~MeV)

How to reconstruct?

Detector performance

Resolution@10MeV Information

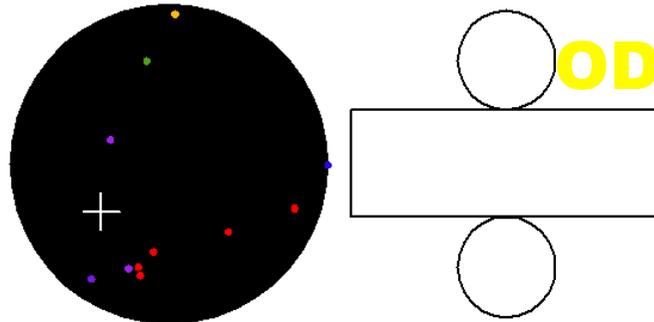
vertex	55cm	hit timing
direction	23deg.	hit pattern
energy	14%	# of hits.

~ 6 hits/MeV

well calibrated by LINAC /
DT within 0.5% precision

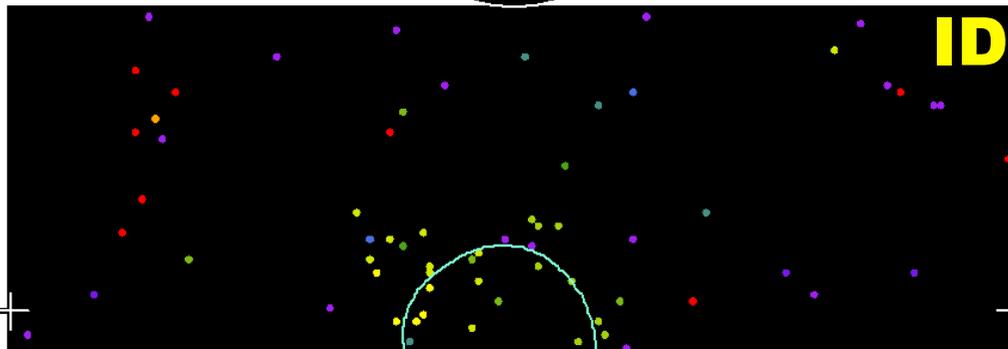
Super-Kamiokande

Run 1742 Event 102496
96-05-31:07:13:23
Inner: 103 hits, 123 pE
Outer: -1 hits, 0 pE (in-time)
Trigger ID: 0x03
E= 9.086 GEN=0.77 COSSUN= 0.949
Solar Neutrino

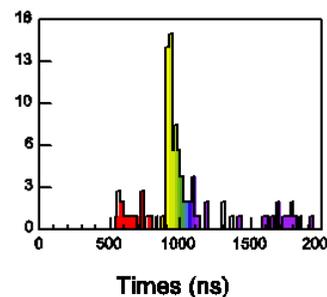
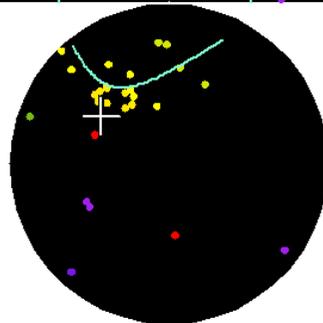


Time(ns)

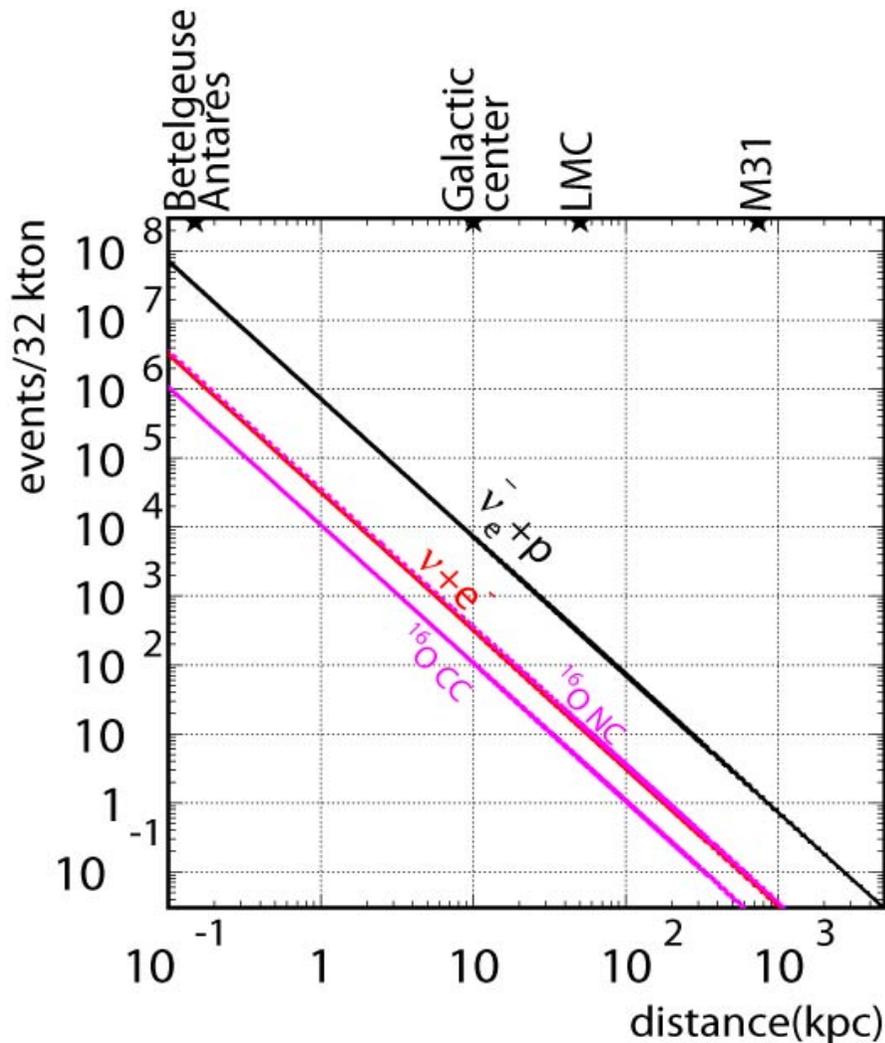
- < 815
- 815- 835
- 835- 855
- 855- 875
- 875- 895
- 895- 915
- 915- 935
- 935- 955
- 955- 975
- 975- 995
- 995-1015
- 1015-1035
- 1035-1055
- 1055-1075
- 1075-1095
- >1095



$E_e = 8.6 \text{ MeV (kin.)}$
 $\cos\theta_{\text{sun}} = 0.95$



Super-Kamiokande



Expected number of event

- 7.3k~10.2k ev (inverse beta decay)
- 320~380 ev (ν_e elastic scattering)
- 12~610 ev (ν_e CC)
- 95~580 ev ($\bar{\nu}_e$ CC)

at 10kpc, 4.5MeV energy threshold

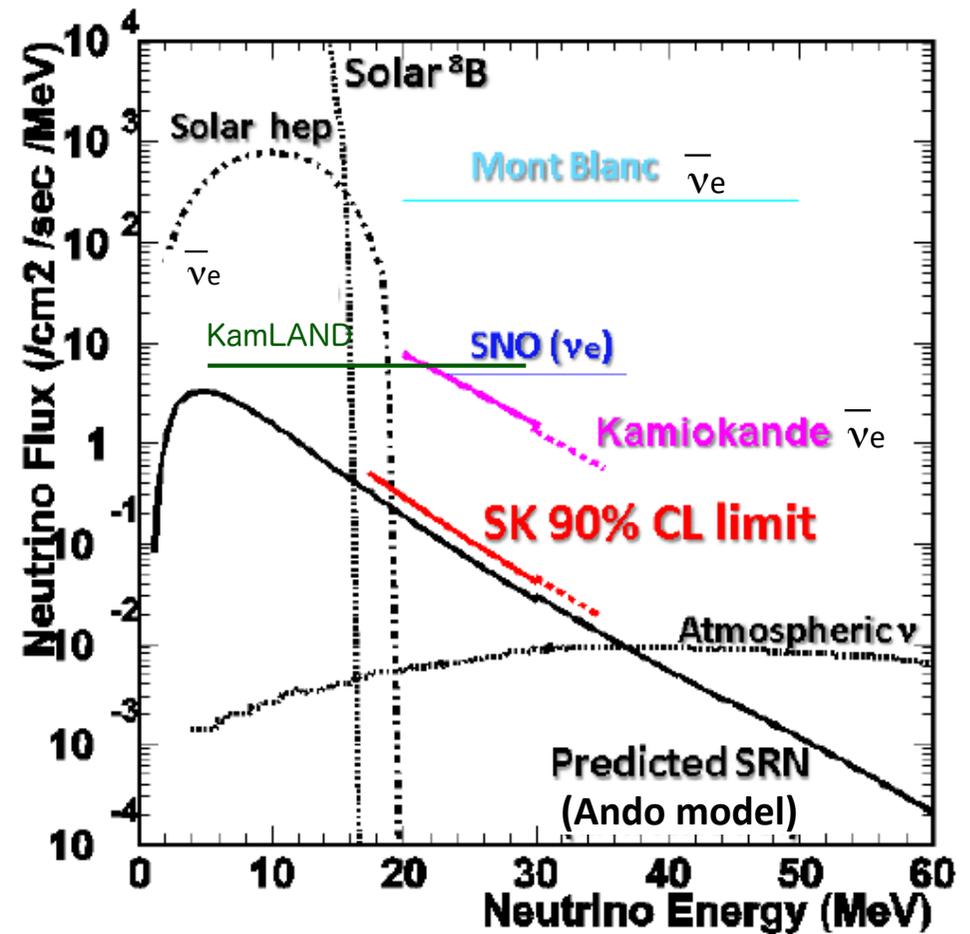
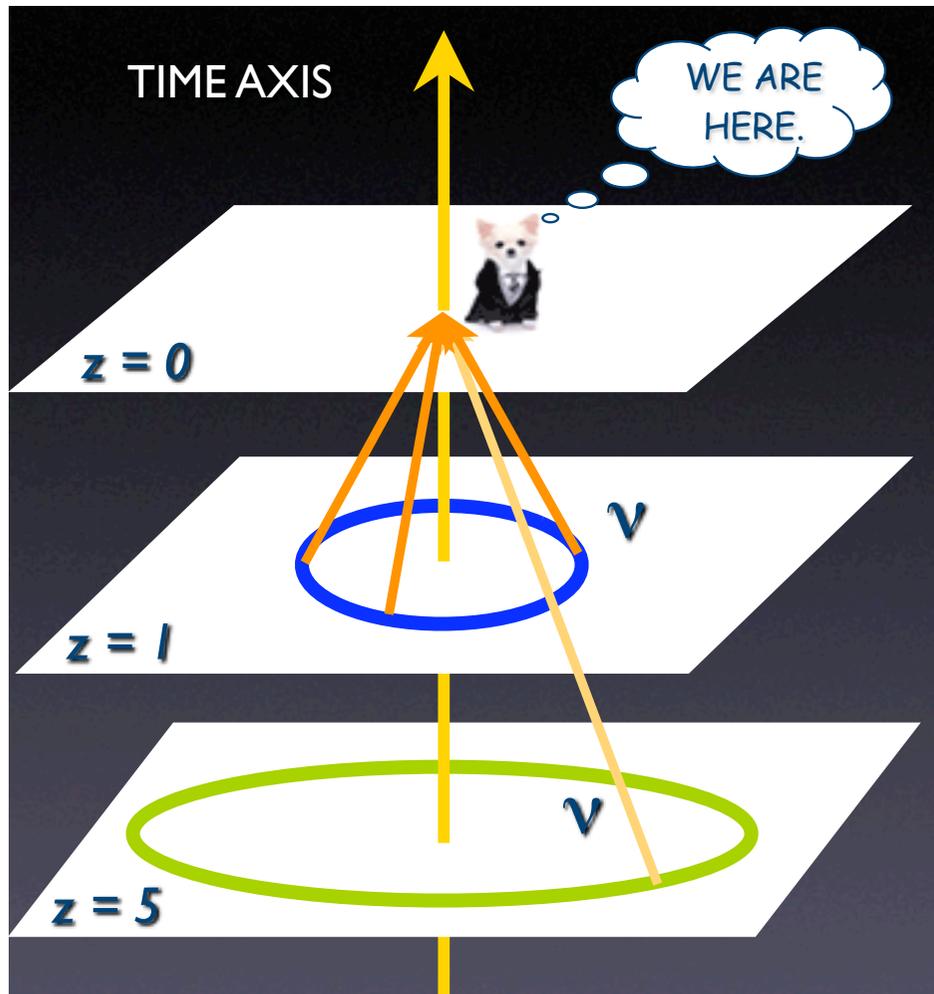
Livermore simulation

Totani, Sato, Dalhed, Wilson, ApJ. 496 (1998) 216

Diffuse Supernova Neutrino Background (DSNB)

Neutrinos emitted from past supernovae

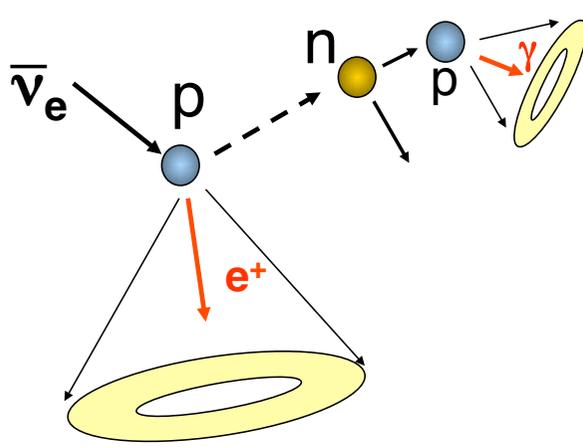
S.Ando



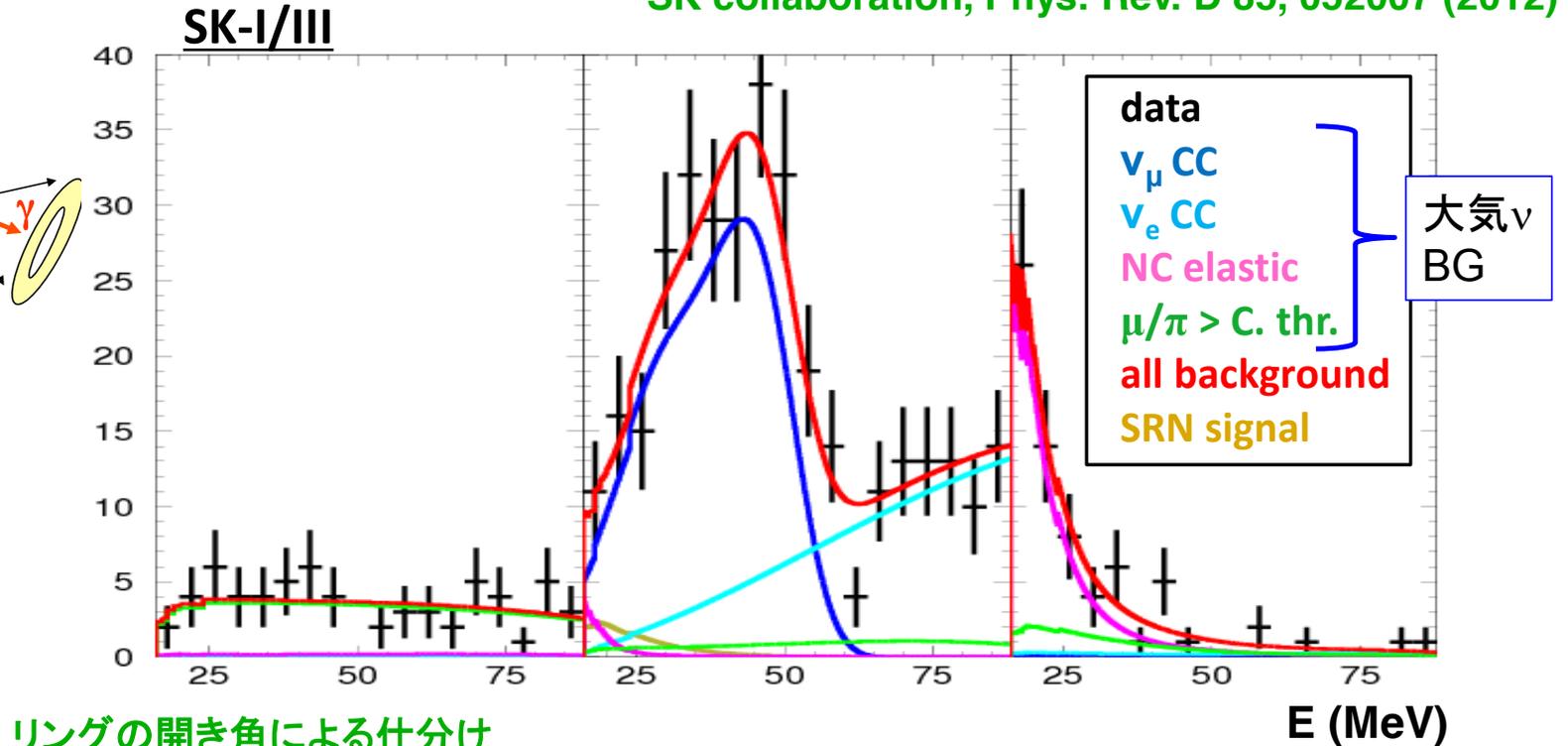
DSNB in Super-K

Current Super-K w/o neutron tagging

SK collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 85, 052007 (2012)

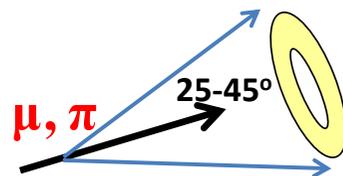


Only this signal

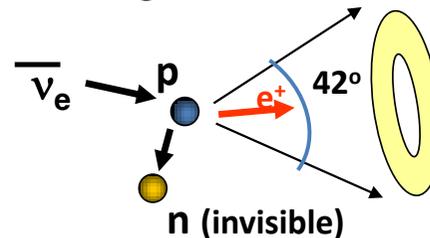


リングの開き角による仕分け

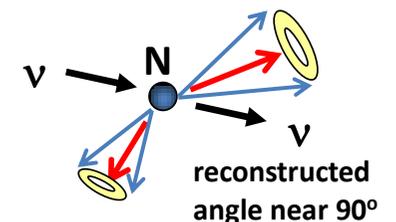
Low angle events



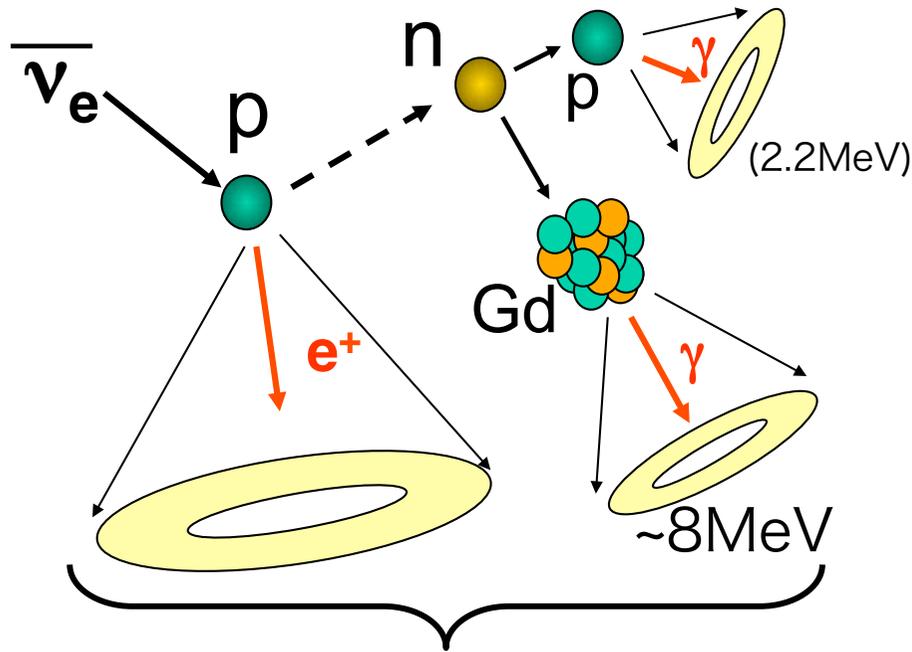
Signal Events



Isotropic Events

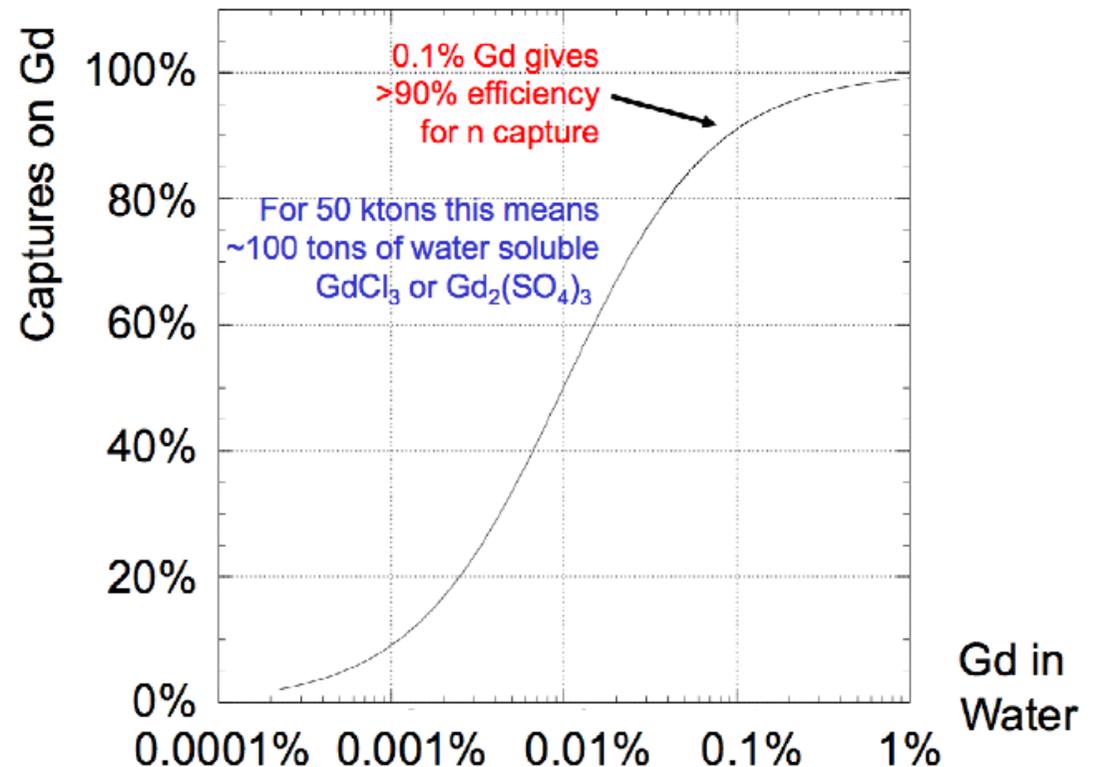


DSNB in upgraded Super-K



GADZOOKS!

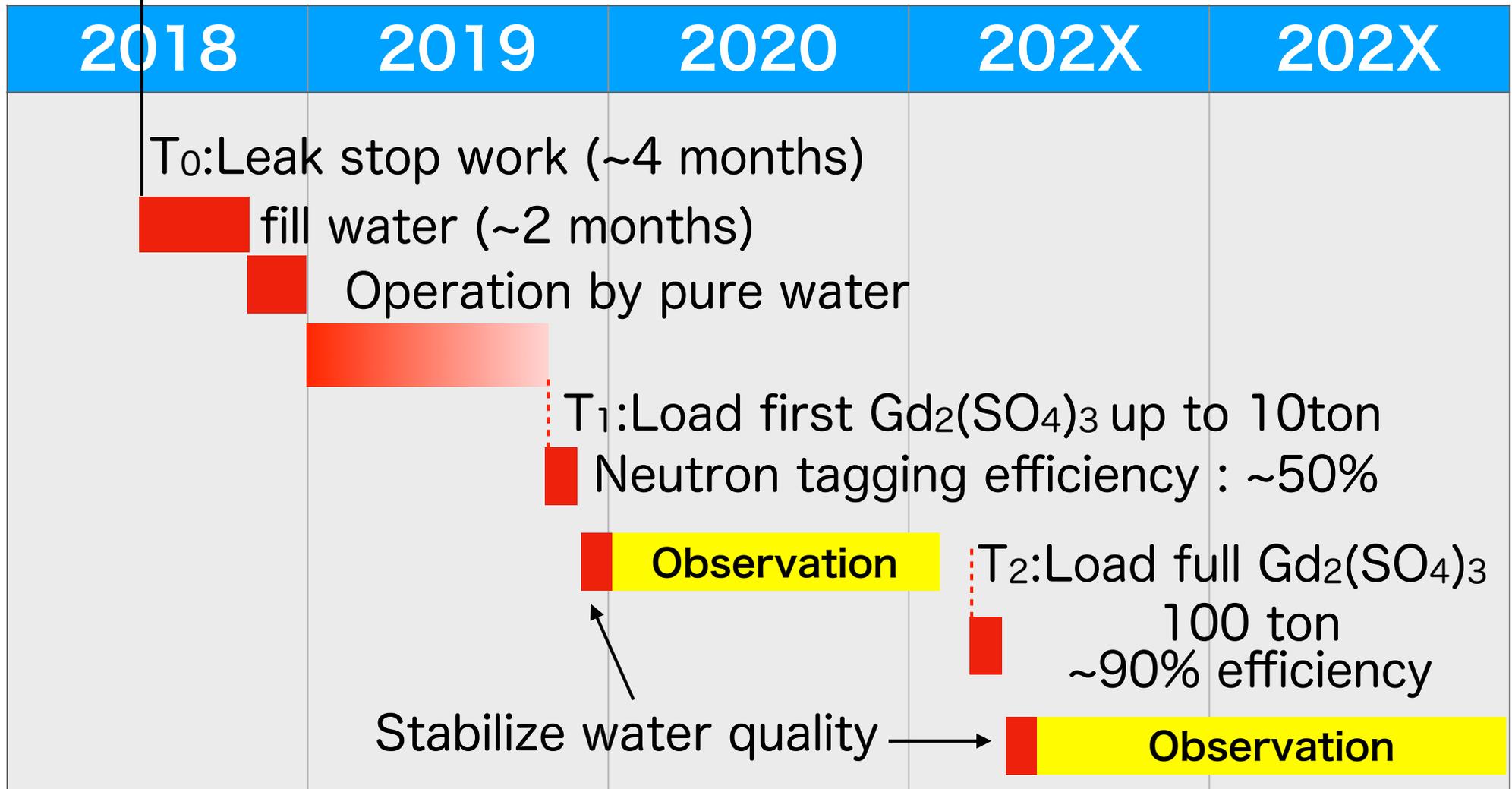
Dissolve Gadolinium into Super-K
 J.Beacom and M.Vagins,
 Phys.Rev.Lett.93 (2004) 171101



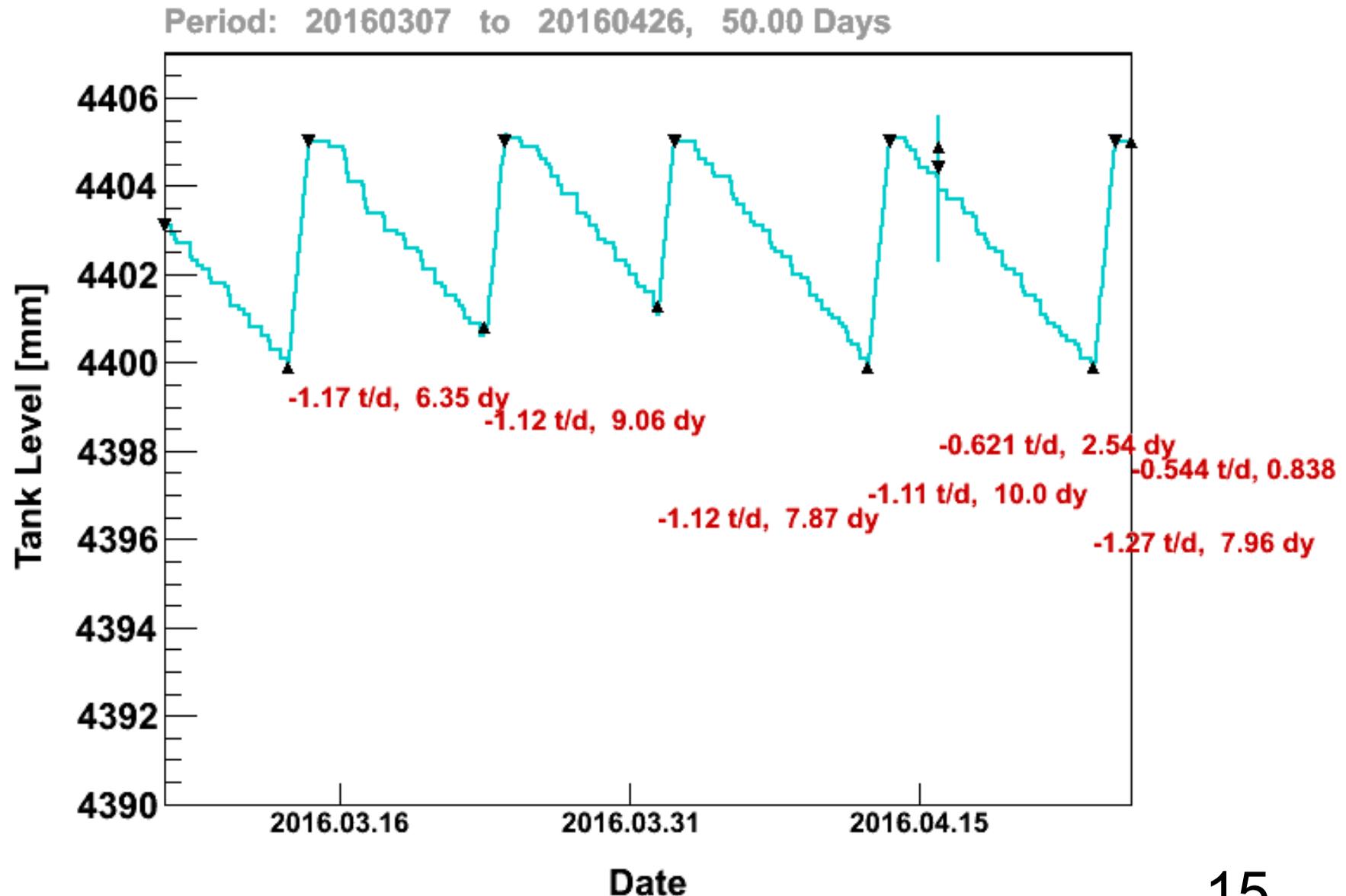
- Delayed coincidence
 - Suppress B.G. drastically for $\bar{\nu}_e$ signal
 - $\Delta T \sim 20 \mu\text{sec}$
 - Vertices within $\sim 50\text{cm}$

Schedule of the Super-K Gd

Start refurbishment of Super-K on 1st June, 2018



Leak fixing



Leak fixing



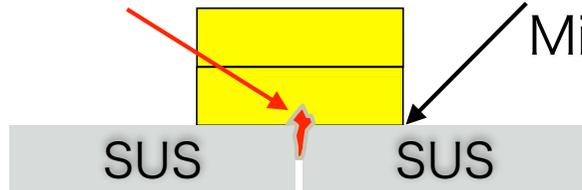
Inside SK tank

Cover all the welded places with sealing materials

Cover with two materials. One is **BIO-SEAL 197** (epoxy resin) which sneak into small gaps, the other is **'Material'** (poly-urea) which allows more displacement.

Need to wait several hours to the next step

BIO-SEAL 197



'Material' (two layers)

Primer between

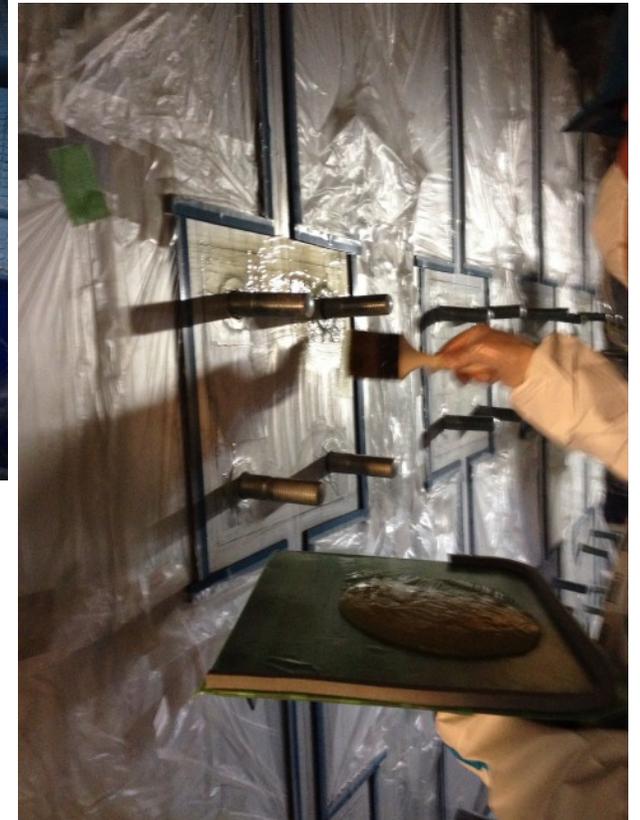
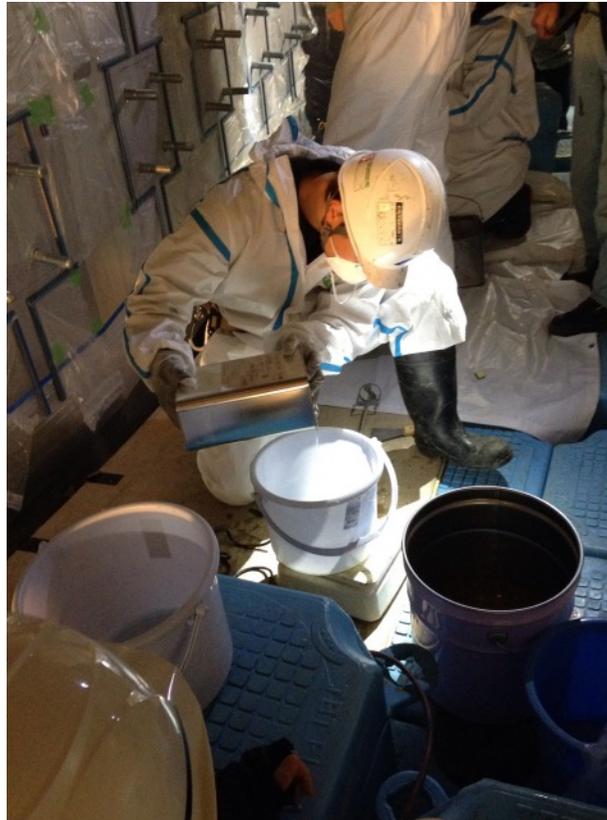
MineGuard and SUS

Backer as a bank to

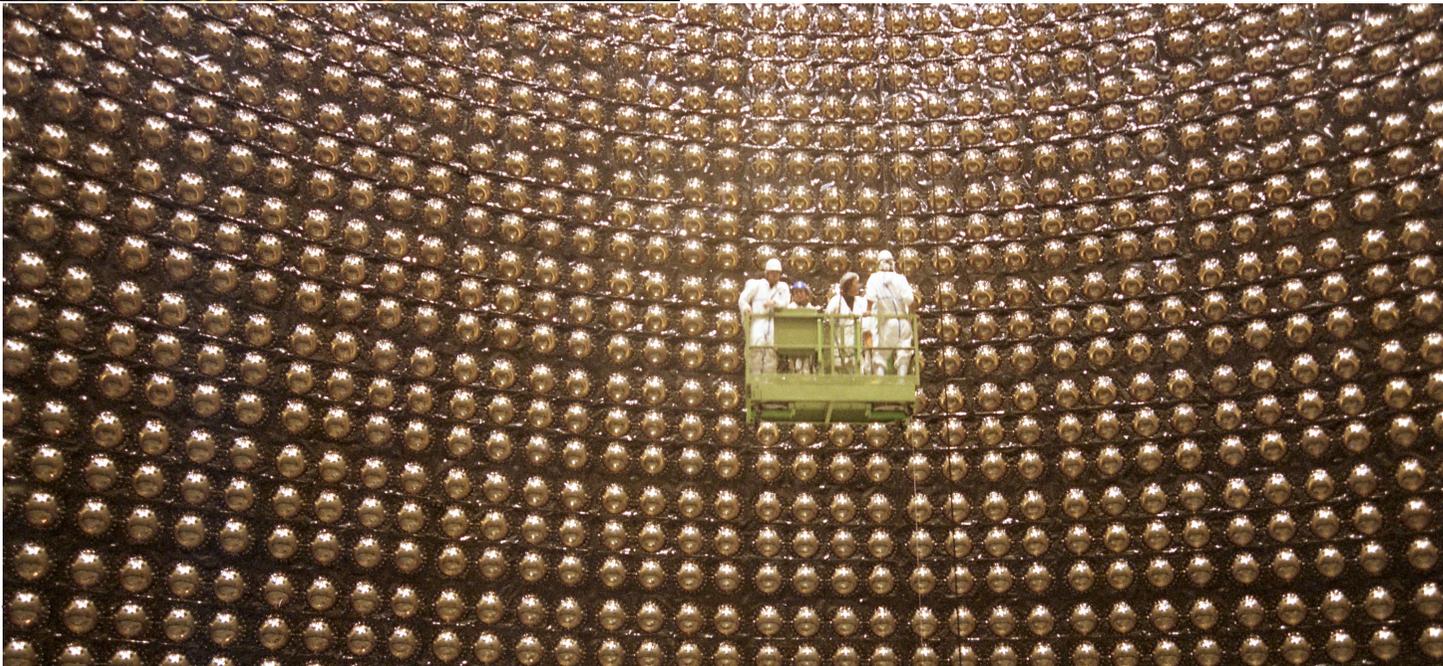
keep the coating region



Mock-up test in the underground



Working inside the Super-K



Summary

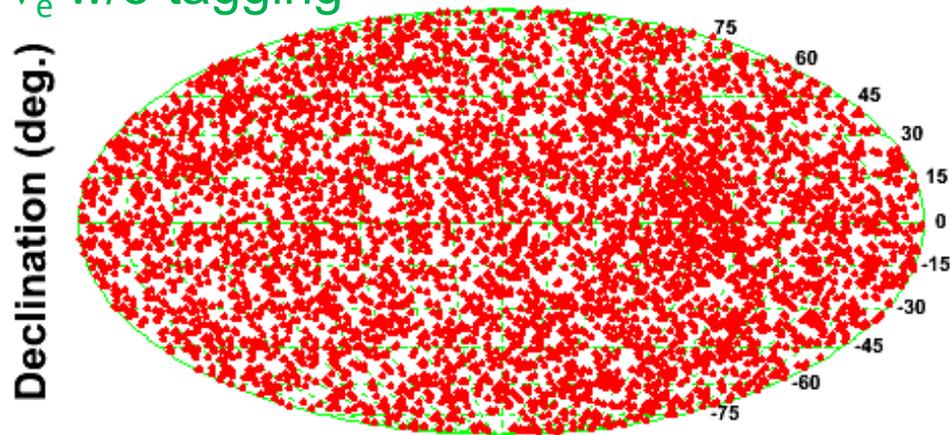
**Ready for the first discovery
of the DSNB!**

Thanks

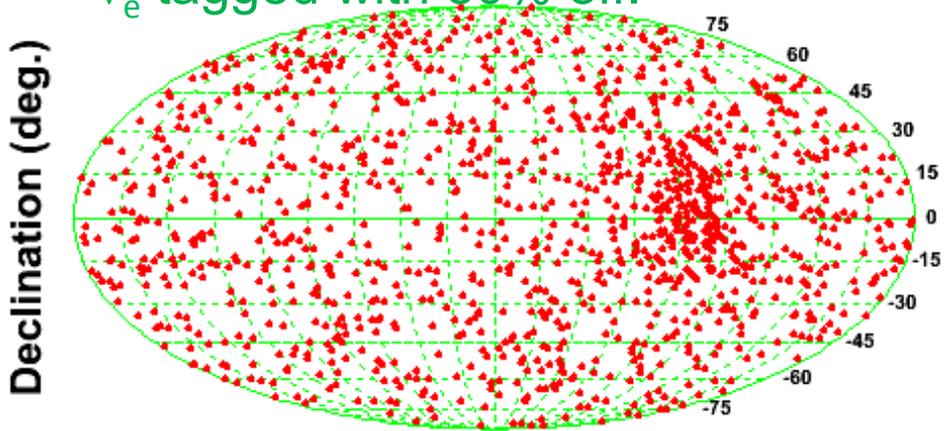
Physics expectation in SK-Gd

For Supernova burst neutrinos

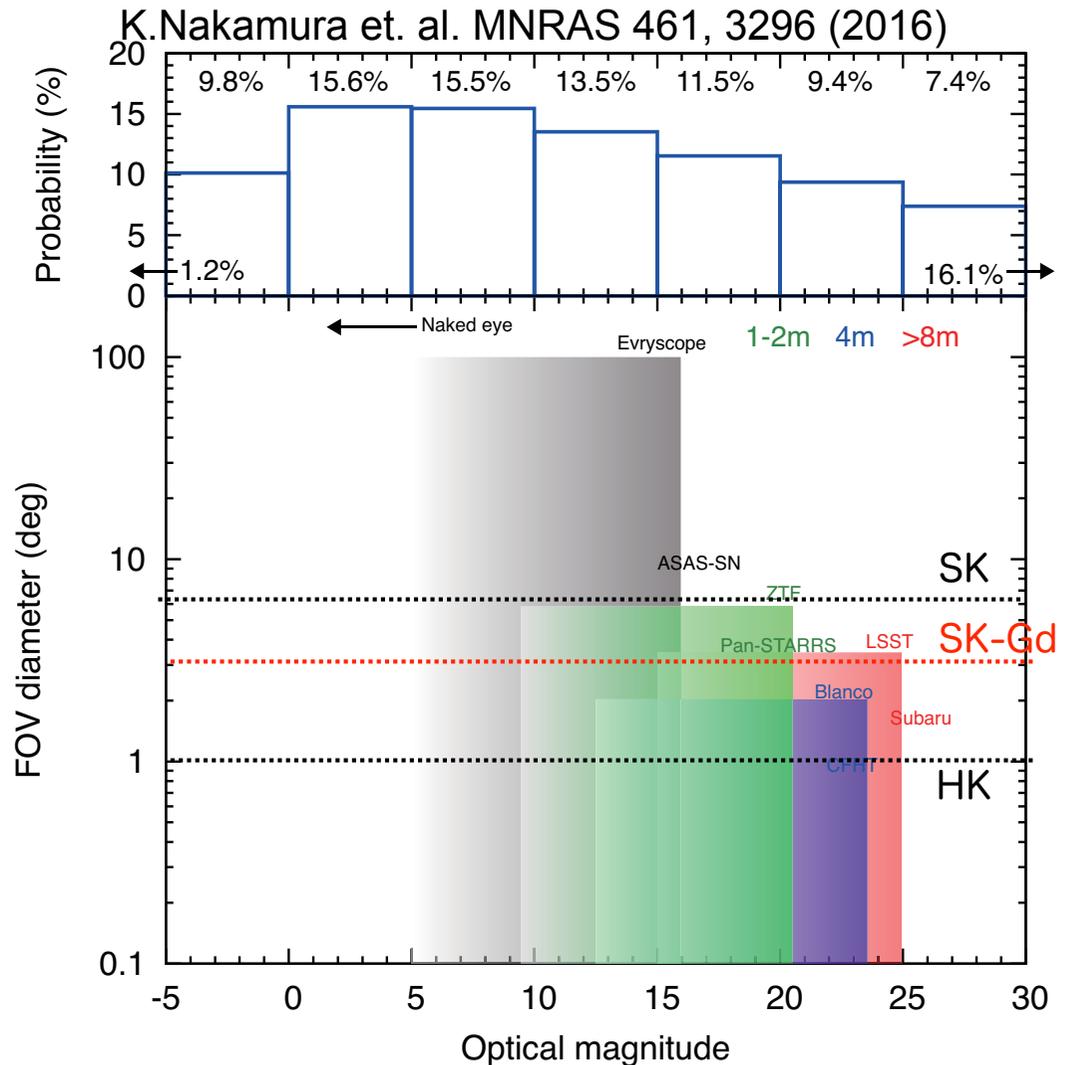
$\bar{\nu}_e$ w/o tagging



$\bar{\nu}_e$ tagged with 80% eff.



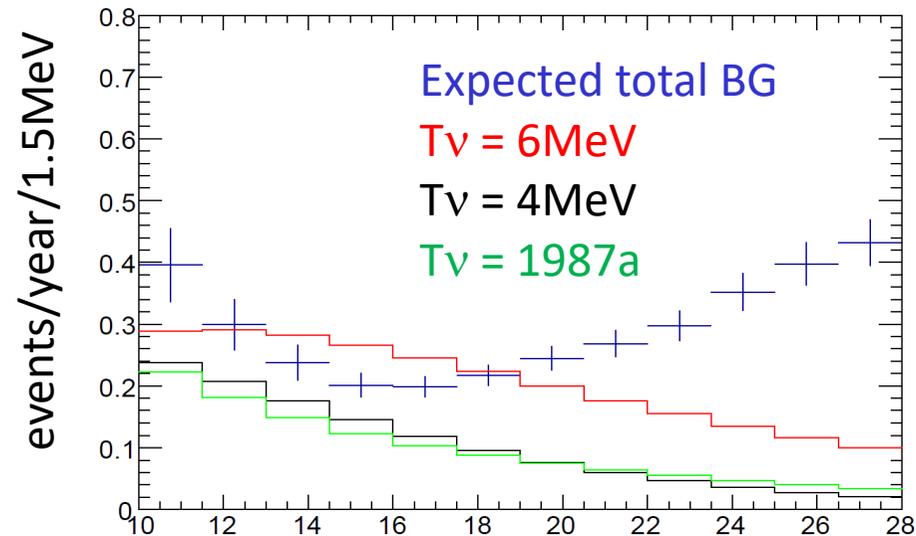
Right ascension (deg.)



Physics expectation in SK-Gd

DSNB flux:
Horiuchi, Beacom and Dwek,
PRD, 79, 083013 (2009)

- It depends on typical/actual SN emission spectrum



DSNB events number with 10 years observation

Total (positron) energy MeV

HBD models	10-16MeV (evts/10yrs)	16-28MeV (evts/10yrs)	Total (10-28MeV)	significance (2 energy bin)
$T_{\text{eff}} 8\text{MeV}$	11.3	19.9	31.2	5.3σ
$T_{\text{eff}} 6\text{MeV}$	11.3	13.5	24.8	4.3σ
$T_{\text{eff}} 4\text{MeV}$	7.7	4.8	12.5	2.5σ
$T_{\text{eff}} \text{SN1987a}$	5.1	6.8	11.9	2.1σ
BG	10	24	34	----

Proposed in 2004,
but not so easy..

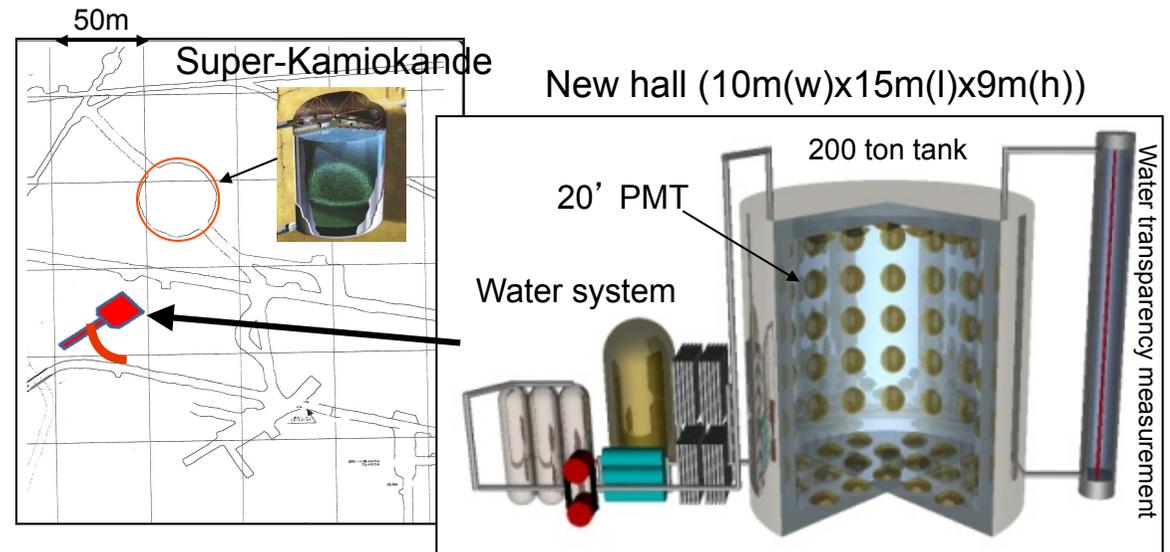
EGADS as R&D

(Evaluating Gadolinium's Action on Detector Systems)

Purpose

- ✓ Water transparency
- ✓ How to purify
- ✓ How to introduce and remove
- ✓ Effect on detector
- ✓ Effect from environment neutrons
- ✓ etc.

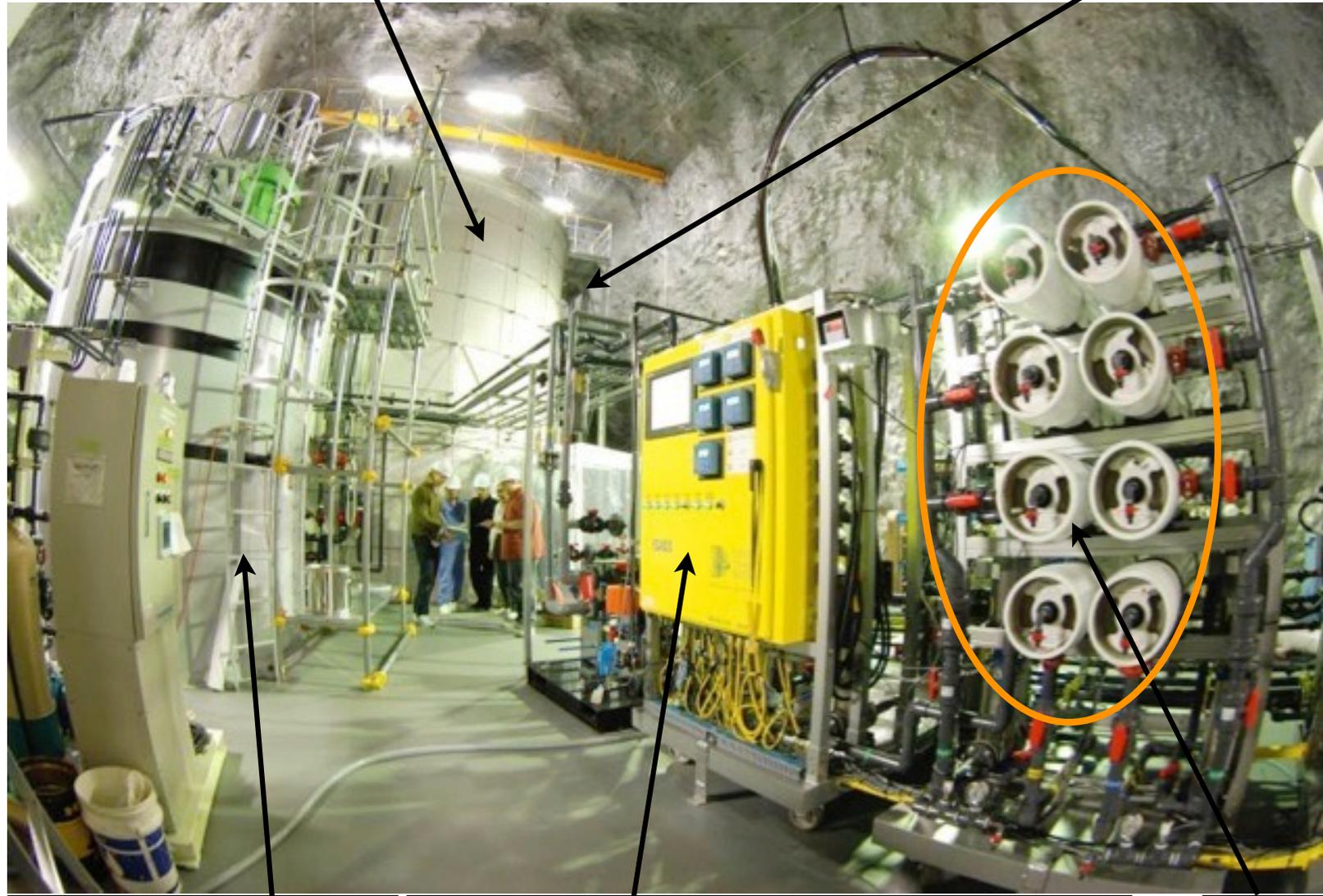
R&D for Gd test experiment



Great success by the previous innovative area!

EGADS as R&D

200 ton tank

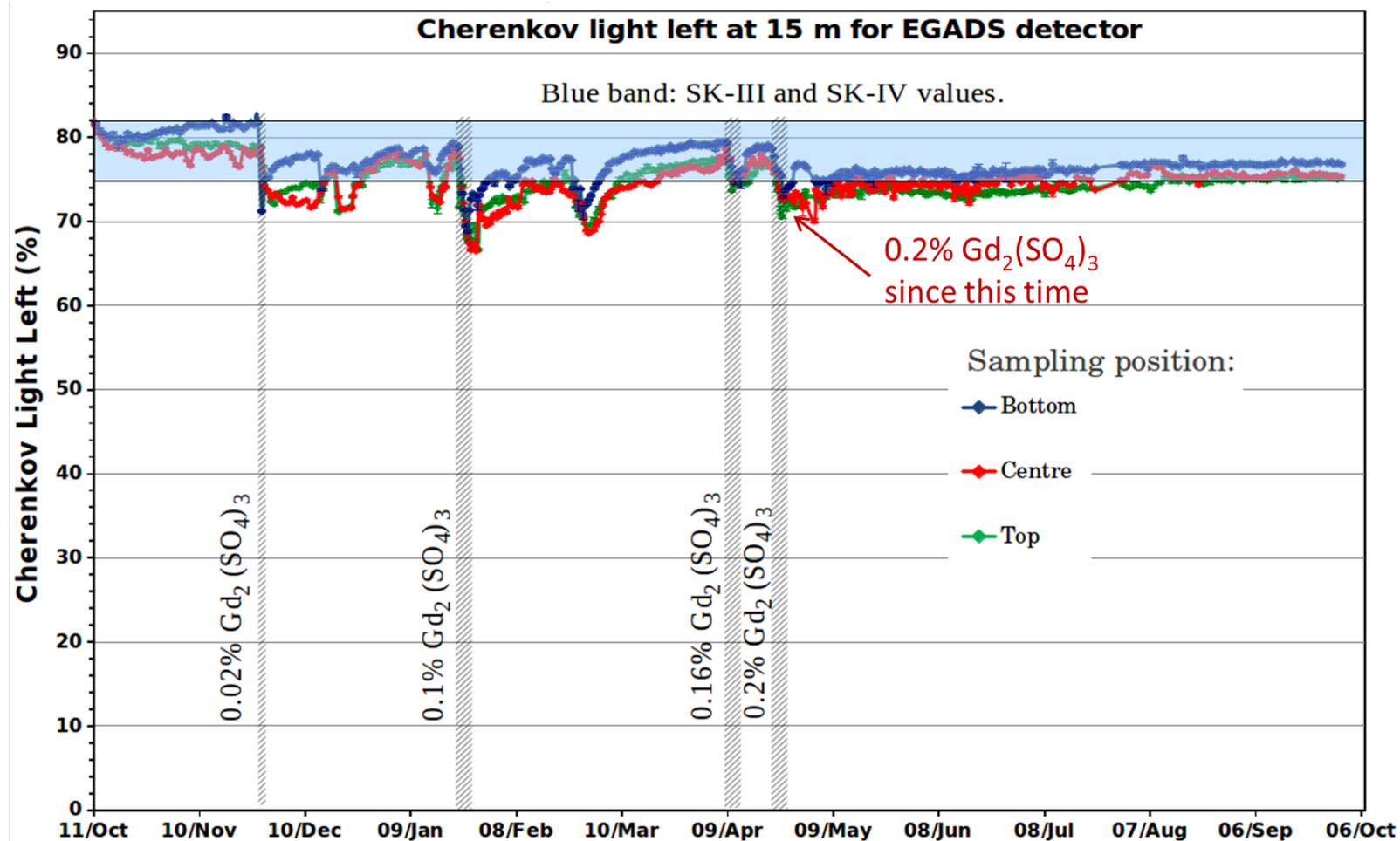


15 ton buffer tank

Control panel of circulation system

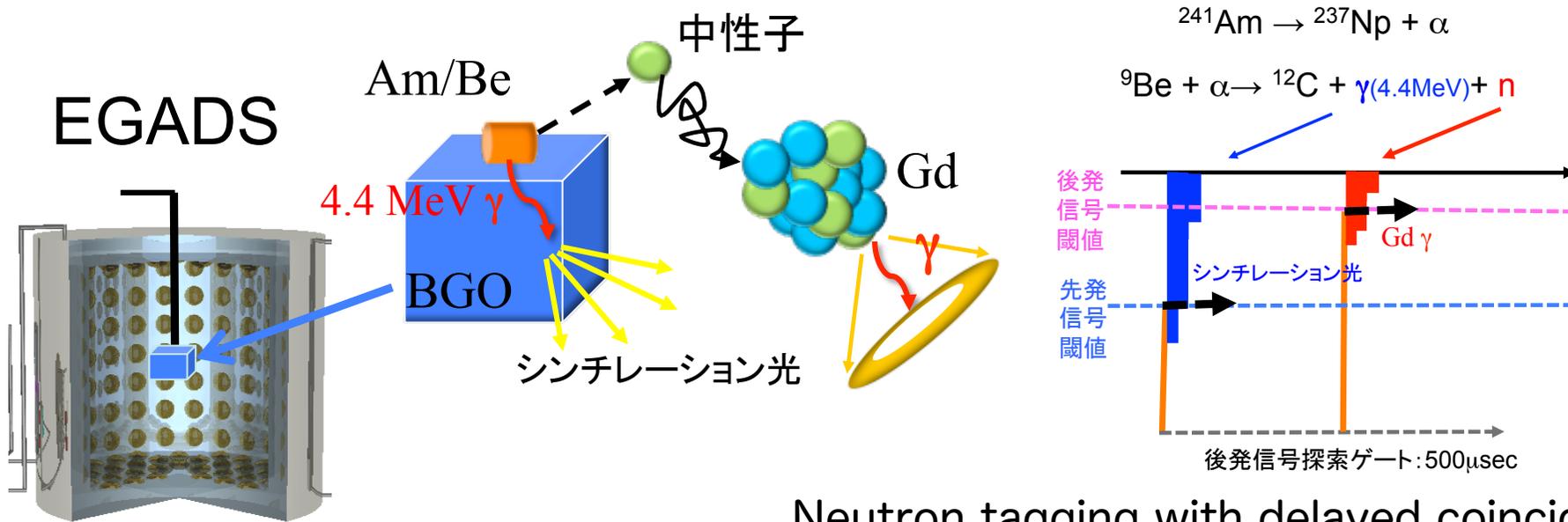
Filter

EGADS as R&D

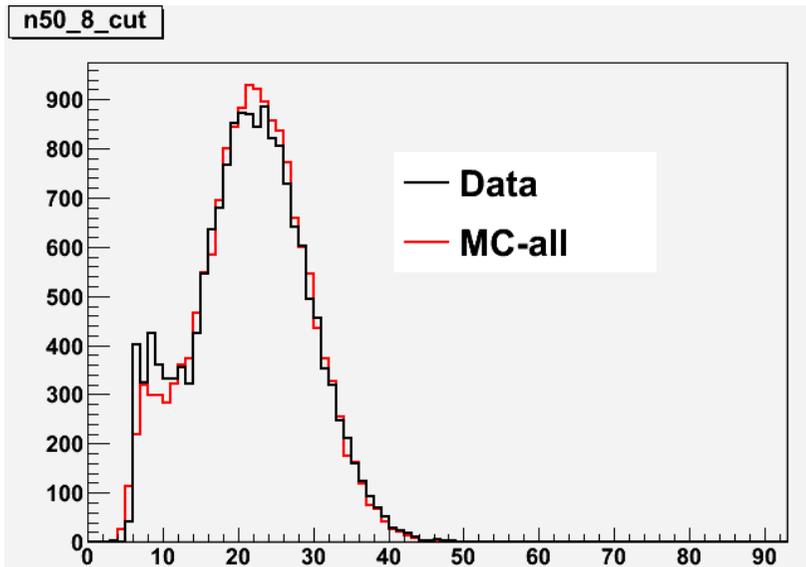


Very stable and continuous data taking

Neutron tagging efficiency



Neutron tagging with delayed coincidence



Neutron capture time

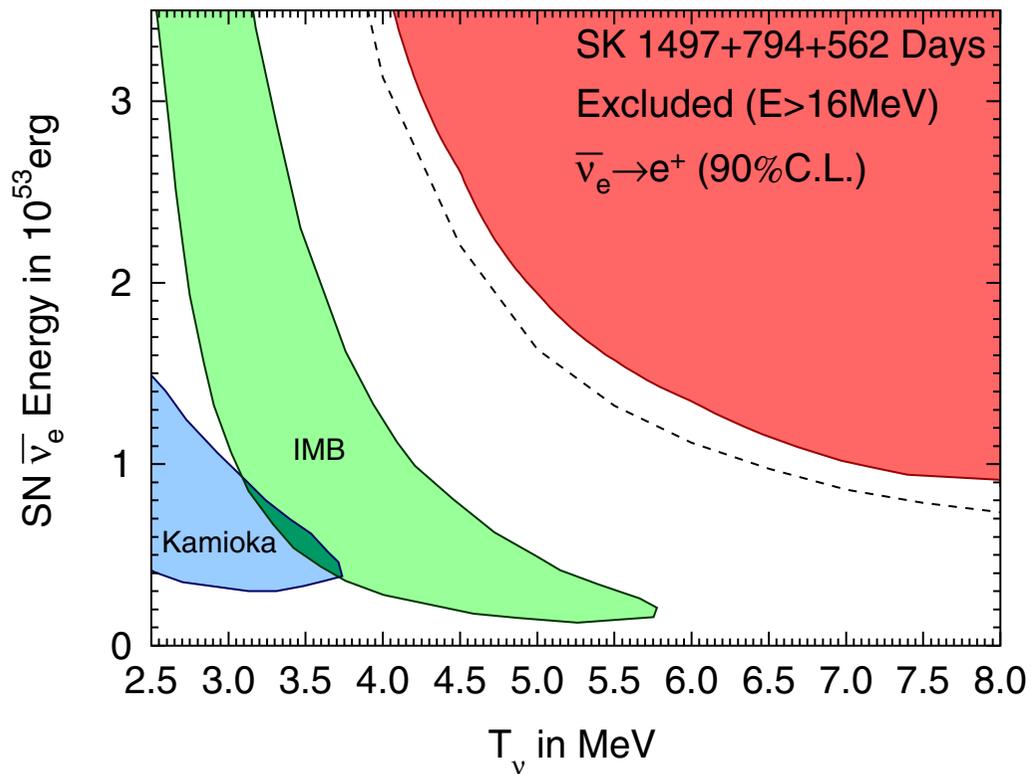
	2178 \pm 44ppm	1055 \pm 21ppm	225 \pm 5ppm
Data	29.89 \pm 0.33	51.48 \pm 0.52	130.1 \pm 1.7
MC	30.03 \pm 0.77	53.45 \pm 1.19	126.2 \pm 2.0

Neutron capture efficiency

Data	MC
84.36 \pm 1.79%	84.51 \pm 0.33%

DSNB in Super-K

Upper limit from Super-K



SK collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 85, 052007 (2012)

